

OSHA Recordkeeping

Part 1

"Nuts and Bolts"

Rules for Calendar Year 2019



Objectives

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of the Federal and State recordkeeping and reporting rules, including recent changes to the rules
- 2. Review & discuss differences between recordable & non-recordable injuries
- 3. Address differences between OSHA recordable injuries & L&I (Worker's Compensation) claims
- 4. Learn about DART rates and Recordable Incident Rates and their importance



- 5. Understand the provisions in the rule regarding retaliatory actions
- 6. Review what OSHA provides regarding Post-Accident drug testing
- 7. Learn how to get the most from your employee incentive programs

Determining if you are Exempt from OSHA Recordkeeping

You are **exempt** from the OSHA recordkeeping requirements **only if**

•you have ten (10) or less employees at all times during the previous calendar year, unless you are informed in writing from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), OSHA, or DOSH requiring you to comply. Note: Employee count includes employees at all of your business locations combined; or

•your business establishment is included by 4-digit North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) code on the industry exemption list in Table-1 under <u>WAC 29 6-27-00105 (600 KB PDF)</u>







Forms for Recording Work-Related Injuries & Illness:

https://www.osha.gov/recordkeeping/RTKforms.html

- OSHA's Form 300 Log for Work-Related Injuries & Illnesses
 - OSHA's Form 300A Summary of Work-Related Injuries & Illnesses
 - OSHA's Form 301 Injury & Illness Incident Report (Workplace Incident Report [FA-1] - approved substitute)





OSHA's Form 300 (Rev. 01/2004)

Log of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses

Attention: This form contains information relating to employee health and must be used in a manner that protects the confidentiality of employees to the extent possible while the information is being used for occupational safety and health purposes.



State

Establishment name

City____

You must record information about every work-related death and about every work-related injury or illness that involves loss of consciousness, restricted work activity or job transfer, days away from work, or medical treatment beyond first aid. You must also record significant work-related injuries and illnesses that are diagnosed by a physician or licensed health care professional. You must also record work-related injuries and illnesses that meet any of the specific recording criteria listed in 29 CFR Part 1904.8 through 1904.12. Feel free to use two lines for a single case if you need to. You must complete an Injury and Illness Incident Report (OSHA Form 301) or equivalent form for each injury or illness recorded on this form. If you're not sure whether a case is recordable, call your local OSHA office for help.

Iden	tify the person		Describe t	he case			ify the c									
(A) Case	(B) Employee's name	(C) Job title	(D) Date of injury	(E) Where the event occurred	(F) Describe injury or illness, parts of body affected,		on the mos	box for eac t serious out		days th	he number of e injured or er was:				r" colu of illne	
no.		(e.g., Welder)	or onset of illness	(e.g., Loading dock north end)	and object/substance that directly injured or made person ill (e.g., Second degree burns on			Remaine	d at Work	1		(M)	-p		. 1	
					right forearm from acetylene torch)	Death	Days away from work	Job transfer	Other record-	Away from work	On job transfer or restriction	śmik	tin dis	and the second	pinosi c	Il other hears
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about the	se estimates or any other aspects of this da Room N-3644, 200 Constitution Avenue, 3	ta collection, contact:	US Department of La	hor, OSHA Office of Statistical						Page of		(1)	(2) (2 (3) (4	≝ 4) (5)	(6)





OSHA's Form 300A (Rev. 01/2004) Summary of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses



Form approved OMB no. 1218-0176

All establishments covered by Part 1904 must complete this Summary page, even if no work-related injuries or illnesses occurred during the year. Remember to review the Log to verify that the entries are complete and accurate before completing this summary.

Using the Log, count the individual entries you made for each category. Then write the totals below, making sure you've added the entries from every page of the Log. If you had no cases, write "0."

Employees, former employees, and their representatives have the right to review the OSHA Form 300 in its entirety. They also have limited access to the OSHA Form 301 or its equivalent. See 29 CFR Part 1904.35, in OSHA's recordkeeping rule, for further details on the access provisions for these forms.

Number of Ca	ases		
Total number of deaths	Total number of cases with days away from work	Total number of cases with job transfer or restriction	Total number of other recordable cases
(G)	(H)	(1)	(J)
Number of D	ays		
Total number of day from work		otal number of days of job ansfer or restriction	
(K)	_	(L)	
Injury and III	ness Types		
Total number of (M)			
1) Injuries		(4) Poisonings	
2) Skin disorders		(5) Hearing loss	
 B) Respiratory condition 		(6) All other illnesse	s

Post this Summary page from February 1 to April 30 of the year following the year covered by the form.

GRIP A BETTER HANDLE ON WORKERS' COMP

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 50 minutes per response, including time to review the instructions, search and gather the data needed, and complete and review the collection of information. Persons are not required to respond to the collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. If you have any comments about these estimates or any other aspects of this data collection, contact: US Department of Labor, OSHA Office of Statistical Analysis, Room N-3644, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20210. Do not send the completed forms to this office.

Establishment Informa	
our establishment name	
treet	
Dity	State ZIP
ndustry description (e.g., Manufact	ture of motor truck trailers)
tandard Industrial Classification	(SIC), if known (e.g., 3715)
 DR	
Jorth American Industrial Classif	fication (NAICS), if known (e.g., 336212)
Employment Informatic Vorksheet on the back of this page to es innual average number of employ Total hours worked by all employe	yees
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certify that I have examined t nowledge the entries are true,	his document and that to the best of m , accurate, and complete.
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OSHA's Form 301 Injury and Illness	Incident Report	Attentions This tom consists information relating to enclose teach and more much as used in a manner that possible which the information is being used for possible which the information is being used for occupational shorts and teach purposes.	U.S. Department of Law
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IMMEDIATELY SUBMIT COPY TO ERNWEST VIA FAX 877-717-0590 OR VIA EMAIL claimsreporting@ERNWest.com

WORKPLACE INCIDENT REPORT

Com	pany Name:	Com	pany Location (Ira	pplicable):		
PAR	T I TO BE COMPLETED BY EMPLOYER					
Empl	oyee:	Job Title:		Time Shift Began:	AM /	PM (circle)
Date	of Incident:	Time of Incident:	AM / PM (circle)	Reported to Employer:		1
Empl	oyee's Home or Mailing Address:	Home Phone: ()	Gender: [] Male [] Fema	ale	
		Date of Hire:	1 1			
		Date of Birth:	1_1	Last Full Day Worked:	1	1
[] Emergency Room [] Urgent Care [] C			 Will employ Was employ 		[] Yes /? [] Yes [] Yes	s [] No s [] No s [] No s [] No s [] No s [] No /

Describe in detail what employee was doing just before the incident occurred including the activity, tools, equipment, and/or material being used (e.g. employee was on a ladder installing a light fature in the lobby by himself).

Describe how the incident occurred, including the activity being performed and objects, people associated with the incident (e.g. Ladder slpped on wet foor, worker tell 10 feet to the ground, injuring his back, shoulder and head):

If applicable what object or substance directly harmed the employee (e.g. concrete floor, chorine, circular saw):

MARK INJURED AREA(s) BELOW Part of Body (Circle side if applicable) - 12 Front Back Hand (L or R) Head Knee (L or R) Abdomen Eyes (L or R) Finger ť1 Leg (L or R) Entire . Nose 1.6 Mouth Foot (L or R) Glasses . . ÷. 147 1 Ear Toes Teeth Shoulder (L or R) Groin Internal 1 Multiple Back Neck : 1 Chest Ankle (L or R) Elbow (L or R) Ü Arm (L or R) 8 Wrist (L or R) [] Rib ti Hip Face 1) Rate of Pay ____ **EMPLOYER Fill out this** _ per mo/wik/hr 2) Days Worked per Week Hours per Week section if employee misses more than one day of work. 4) Health Benefits (circle) Y or N 5) Monthly benefits (med/vision) paid \$_ per mo/wk/hr PART II TO BE COMPLETED BY EMPLOYEE Was injury work related ? []Yes []No []Yes [] No I understand light work might/ls available to me. Employee statement of how incident occurred: MEDICAL RELEASE AUTHORIZATION: I hereby authorize my physician, clinic, hospital, agency, HMO network or therapy provider to release to my employer's representative any medical records regarding current or previous treatment(s) that has been furnished to me. Employee's Signature Date Form Completed By: Phone: Date: Title: OSHA Log case number (transfer the case number from the OSHA 300 log after recording the case)



Incident Investigation Report-Sample 2

This is a report of a: Death Lost Tin	ne Dr. Visit Only Dr. First Aid Only	Near Miss
Date of incident: T	his report is made by: 🗆 Employee 🗔 Sup	ervisor 🗆 Team 🗀 Final Report
Step 1: Injured employee (complete this		
Name:	Sex: D Male D Female	Age:
Department:	Job title at time of incide	nt:
Part of body affected: (shade all that apply)	Nature of longing (nest series one) Annoise, scopes Annoise, scopes Annoise, scopes Brance, terminal Brance, terminal Brance, terminal Concession (no the heat) Concession (no theat) Concessio	This employee works: Peopular part time Peopular part time Peopular part time Peopular part time Peopular part Peopular part Meonthy doing this poly. Other isjuny information:
Stop 2: Describe the incident	- 14	
Exact location of the incident:		Exact time:
During meal period During break	Entering or leaving work Doing n Working overtime 01	ormal work activities her
Names of witnesses (if any):		
		continues on other side

GRIP A BETTER HANDLE ON WORKERS' COMP

OSHA 300 vs. Worker's Compensation

<u>OSHA 300</u>

- Time loss days calculated on calendar days, cap at 180
- Days on restricted duty calculated on calendar days, cap at 180
- First aid only incidents not recordable, even if treated by a physician
- Any incident that occurs on the work site is reportable, even if it occurs before or after an employee's shift

Worker's Compensation

- Time loss days paid based on an employee's regular schedule with no cap
- Days on modified duty paid only for days worked based on hours approved by treating physician with no cap
- Any treatment by a physician may result in a claim, even if it's only first aid
- An incident that occurs on the work site before or after the employee's shift may not result in a claim



FATALITIES & CATASTROPHES

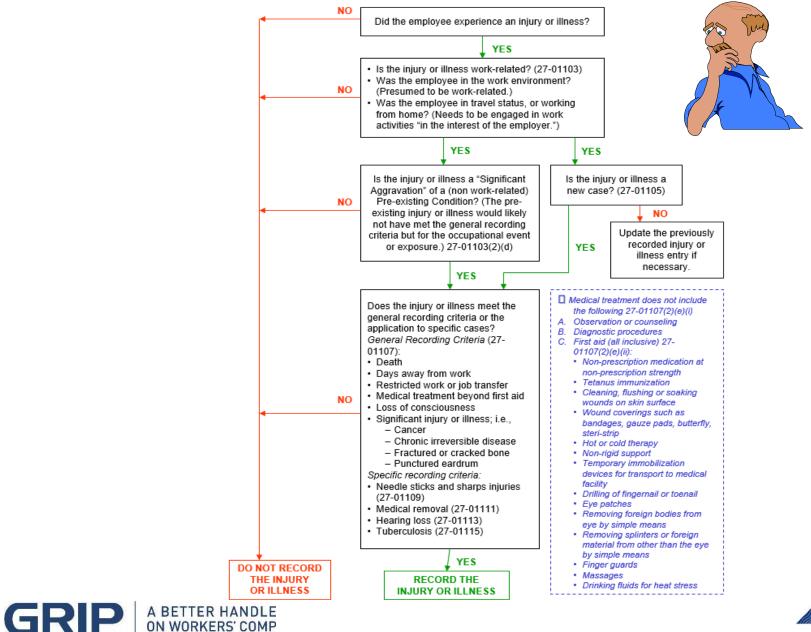
WAC 296-800-32005

- Call within 8 hours if:
 - Workplace death
 - Any in-patient hospitalization related to a workplace incident
- Call within 24 hours if:
 - Workplace injury that is possibly fatal.
 - Loss of an eye
 - Amputation
- Call to
 - DOSH (800) 423-7233
 - Be ready with...
 - Name of establishment
 - Location, time & date of incident
 - Number of fatalities, hospitalized employees, or pesticide exposures
 - Brief description of incident
 - Contact information





RECORDKEEPING DECISION TREE





Is it an Injury or an Illness? What are the determining factors?

Occupational Injury – Results from instantaneous events or

exposures

<u>Occupational Illness</u> – Results from <u>non-instantaneous</u> events or exposures in the work environment

Occupational Diseases are "Illnesses", not injuries and are, generally, caused by injury to soft tissue but are treated as an illness by the medical profession; including - - -

MSD's tendinitis CTS osteoarthritis rheumatoid arthritis fibromyalgia bone fractures





WHAT IS WORK-RELATEDNESS?

WAC 296-27-01103

"... if an event or exposure in the work environment either caused or contributed to the resulting condition or significantly aggravated a pre-existing injury or illness."





SIGNIFICANT AGGRAVATION

- A pre-existing injury or illness is significantly aggravated when an event or exposure in the current work environment results in any of the following -
 - Death
 - Loss of consciousness
 - Days away, days restricted or job transfer
 - Medical treatment
 - which otherwise would not have occurred!





GENERAL RECORDING CRITERIA

WAC 296-27-01101

- An injury or illness is recordable if it results in one or more of the following:
 - Death
 - Days away from work
 - Restricted work activity
 - Transfer to another job
 - Medical treatment beyond first aid
 - Loss of consciousness



• Significant injury or illness diagnosed by a doctor or physician assistant





OTHER RECORDABLE CASES WAC296-27-021

- Loss of Consciousness
- Needle stick & Sharps Injuries (WAC 296-27-01109)
- Medical Removal (WAC 296-27-0111)
- Hearing Loss (WAC 296-27-01113)
- Tuberculosis (WAC 296-27-01115)
- MSD'S (WAC 296-27-011) (OSHA 29CFR 1904.7)









Establishment/Facility Name:

Sample Sharps Injury Log Year 2 Date Case/ Type of Device Brand Name of Work Area where Brief description of how the incident occurred Report [i.e., procedure being done, action being performed (disposal, injection, etc.), (e.g., syringe, suture needle) Device injury occurred [e.g., Geriatrics, Lab] body part injured No.

29 CFR 1910.1030, OSHA's Bloodborne Pathogens Standard, in paragraph (h)(5), requires an employer to establish and maintain a Sharps Injury Log for recording all percutaneous injuries in a facility occurring from *contaminated* sharps. The purpose of the Log is to aid in the evaluation of devices being used in healthcare and other facilities and to identify problem devices or procedures requiring additional attention or review. This log must be kept in addition to the injury and illness log required by 29 CFR 1904. The Sharps Injury Log should include all sharps injuries occurring in a calendar year. The log must be retained for five years following the end of the year to which it relates. The Log must be kept in a manner that preserves the confidentiality of the affected employee.





OTHER RECORDABLE CASES WAC296-27-021

- Loss of Consciousness
- Needle stick & Sharps Injuries (WAC 296-27-01109)
- Medical Removal (WAC 296-27-0111)
- Hearing Loss (WAC 296-27-01113)
- Tuberculosis (WAC 296-27-01115)
- MSD'S (WAC 296-27-011) (OSHA 29CFR 1904.7)









IS IT A NEW CASE? WAC 296-27-01105

•New case if:

- No previously experienced injury-illness
- The employee previously experienced a recordable injuryillness that affects the same body part, **BUT** had recovered completely & an event or exposure in the work environment caused the signs & symptoms to reappear





CALCULATING DAYS





RESTRICTED WORK

- Restricted work activity occurs when:
 - An employee is kept from performing one or more routine functions

OR

An employee is kept from working a full workday







JOB TRANSFER



- Job transfer
 - An injured or ill employee is assigned to a job other than his or her regular job for part of the day
 - An injured or ill employee performs his or her routine job duties for part of a day then is assigned to another job for the rest of the day





MEDICAL TREATMENT

- Medical treatment is the management & care of a patient to combat disease or disorder.
- It does not include:
 - Visits to doctor solely for observation or counseling
 - Diagnostic procedures
 - First aid









FIRSTAID WAC 296-800-150

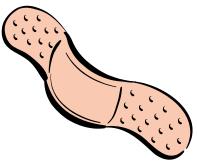
- Using nonprescription medication at nonprescription strength
- Tetanus immunizations
- Cleaning, flushing, or soaking surface wounds
- Wound coverings, butterfly bandages, Steri-Strips
- Hot or cold therapy
- Non-rigid means of support
- Temporary immobilization device used to transport accident victims
- Drilling of fingernail or toenail, draining fluid from blister





FIRSTAID WAC 296-800-150 (CONTINUED)

- Eye patches
- Removing foreign bodies from eye using irrigation or cotton swab
- Removing splinters or foreign material from areas other than the eye by irrigation, tweezers, cotton swabs or other simple means
- Finger guards
- Massages
- Drinking fluids for relief of heat stress







NOT RECORDABLE

- Employee is part of public
- Symptoms are non-work-related
- Voluntary participation in recreational programs
 Eating, drinking for personal consumption
 Personal tasks outside work

- Personal care, self medication for non-work-related condition
- Car accident in parking lot/during commute
- Common cold or flu
- Mental illness



OUTSIDE OFFICE INJURIES

- Business trips
- Detour for personal reasons
- Working from home (defined as)
 - 'while performing work for pay or compensation in the home and the injury or illness is directly related to the performance of work rather than to the general home environment or setting.'





PRIVACY PROTECTION

• Privacy concern cases are:

- **•** An injury to an intimate body part
- An injury or illness resulting from sexual assault
 Mental illness
- **OHIV** infection, hepatitis, tuberculosis
- Needlestick & sharps injuries that are
 - contaminated with another person's blood
- Employee voluntarily requests to keep name off for other illness cases





MULTIPLE BUSINESS LOCATIONS

- Keep a separate OSHA 300 Form for each establishment that is in operation for more than a year
- May keep one OSHA 300 form for all short-term establishments







Change of ownership

Compliance with Part §1904.34 of the OSH rules







TEMPORARY/CONTRACT EMPLOYEES

You <u>MUST</u> include the recordable injuries and illnesses that occur to employees who are not on your payroll if you supervise these employees on a day-to-day basis.





RETENTION & UPDATING WAC 296-27-02107

Retain records for 5 years
Update the OSHA Form 300 as needed during 5 year period
Post summary (300A) from February 1st to April 30th

Company Executive MUST Sign





Why does OSHA address retaliation in this rule?

Isn't it already against the law to retaliate against an employee for reporting a workplace injury or illness?





Can an employer require post-incident drug testing for an employee who reports a workplace injury or illness?



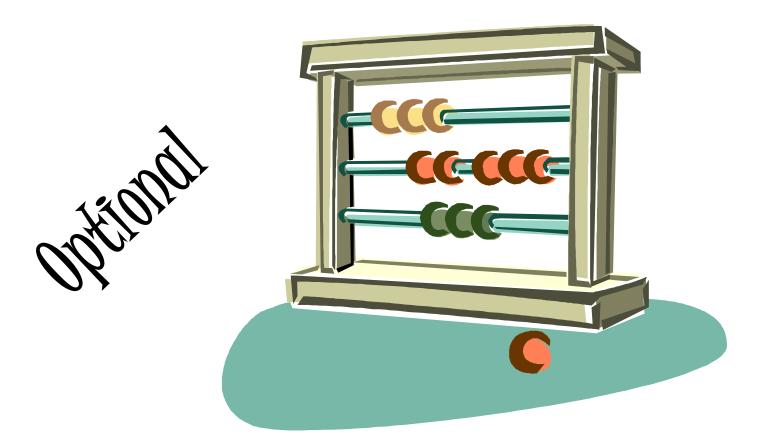


Does the rule allow an employer to have an employee incentive program?





CALCULATIONS







RECORDABLE INCIDENT RATE

RIR = <u># of Recordable Injuries x 200,000</u> Manhours Worked

Painting Contractor had 70 employees. During this time they had 10 recordable injuries. They reported 257,000 man hours. What is the RIR for this Contractor?







DART RATE

DART= <u># of Lost Time, Restricted, & Transfer Cases x 200,000</u>

Man hours Worked

You're bidding a job & the General Contractor wants to see your Recordable Incident Rate along with DART Rate.

You check your OSHA log & find 4 time-loss cases, 2 restricted cases, 1 fatality, & 1 other recordable case.

You reported 100 employees & 380,234 manhours worked.

Calculate the DART Rate for the bid.







DART Rate – Cont'd

TABLE Q1. Incidence rates¹ of total recordable cases of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by quartile distribution and employment size, 2012 — Continued

Industry, NAICS code, ² and establishment employment size	Average incidence rates for all establishments: (mean)	One-quarter of the establishments had a rate lower than or equal to: (1st quartile)	One-half of the establishments had a rate lower than or equal to: (median)	Three-fourths of the establishments had a rate lower than or equal to: (3rd quartile)
Construction of buildings (NAICS 236)				
1 - 10	3.3	(4)	(4)	(4)
11 - 49	4.4	(4)	(4)	6.7
/ 50 - 249	3.3	(4)	1.8	4.4
250 - 999	1.8	.7	1.4	2.9
1,000+	.9	.2	.4	1.8
Residential building construction (NAICS 2361)				
Total all sizes	3.7	(4)	(4)	(4)
1 - 10	3.0	(4)	(4)	(4)
11 - 49	4.8	(4)	(4)	7.5
50 - 249	3.8	(4)	2.0	4.9
250 - 999	2.4	-	-	-
Nonresidential building construction (NAICS 2362)				
Total all sizes	3.2	(4)	(4)	(4)
11 - 49	4.1	(4)	(4)	5.6
50 - 249	3.2	(4)	1.7	4.4
250 - 999	1.7	.6	1.1	2.8
1,000+	.8	.2	.4	1.3





REFERENCES

- Federal OSHA <u>www.osha.gov</u>
- Washington Department of Labor & Industries <u>http://www.lni.wa.gov/</u>
- US Census Bureau North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) <u>http://www.census.gov/eos/www/naics/</u>
- Free NAICS & SIC Code Search <u>http://www.naics.com/search.htm</u>





ERNwest – Safety / Loss Control



SAFETY & LOSS CONTROL

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Implementing Safety & Loss Control descrit just improve the workplace for your employee: it also proves your bottom line employers who integrate and implement effective safety and health management programs are more likely to significantly reduce vorkplace injunite-worker's compensation costs, and lost productively, a safet workplace is more profitable, more productive, and more likely to benefit from oprograms and an atteropacehealter likely and benefit from oprograms and can atteropacehealter likely and benefit from oprograms and can atteropacehealter likely and and used to an assist your company through a thorough Loss Contro of and Safety audio. Our Loss Control consultant are trained to learthy and wayles that adds within your safety performance. Due Loss Control can have likely to acted performance. Due Loss Control can have likelited to program elements that all companies can sacifically imiliarement in the likelited to the dow terms that all companies can accellarize informations.

safety performance and reduce workers' compensation costs.



ERNwest can help you control losses and improve workplace safety with an effective program that fits your specific business and industry. » CONTACT US

Mike Octave CSP, MS Director of Loss Control Phone: (253) 237-0812 moctave@ernwest.com

Supervising for Safety For workhops held on August 20th and 22nd, please go to our training page to find out more and sign up. Already signed up? Download the training materials before strending.

Find Your Claims Representative About Us Contact Us

Supervising For Safety



Darrell Beaman Regional Loss Control Mgr Phone: (253) 237-0831 dbeaman@ernwest.com

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Menu 🗮



THANKYOU!





